

Zombie firms: what's next?

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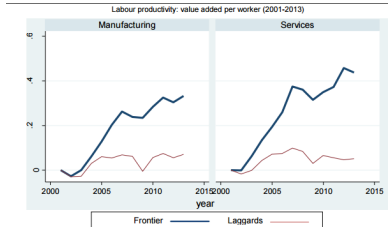
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**The mystery of low productivity growth in Europe:
developments in the post-crisis era**

Warsaw - 26 October 2018

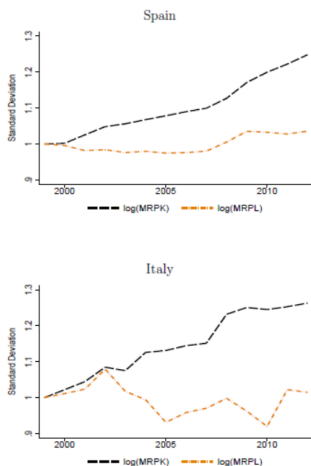
The slowdown: breakdown in diffusion



Source:OECD

- Winner-takes-it-all and increased market concentration - but not so relevant in Europe (e.g. Autor et al., 2017; Grullon et al., 2018)
- Poor governance, increased short-termism, managerial limitations in absorbing ICT (e.g. Gutierrez and Phillipon, 2017; Pellegrino and Zingales, 2017)

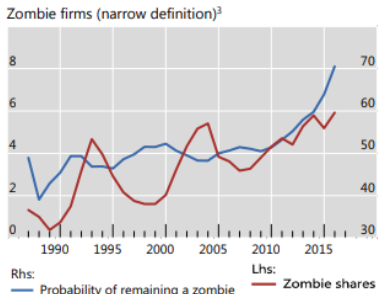
The slowdown: depressed creative destruction



- Increased misallocation of resources, across and within sectors (e.g. Gopinath et al., 2017; Dias et al., 2014);
- Curtailed firm dynamics (Criscuolo et al., 2014; Decker et al., 2016)

Source: Gopinath et al., 2017

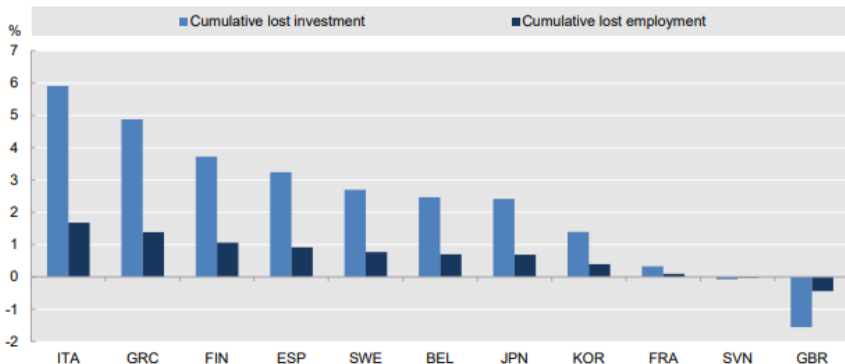
The role of zombie firms



Source: Banerjee and Hoffman, 2017

- **Direct effects:** Reduces aggregate productivity (e.g. Adalet McGowan et al., 2017; PT: Gouveia and Osterhold, 2018)
- **Spillovers:** Hamper growth of healthy firms, by crowding out financing and human capital, congesting markets, depressing prices (e.g. Caballero et al., 2008; PT: Gouveia and Osterhold, 2018)

The role of zombie firms



Source: Adalet McGowan, Andrews, Millot (2017); counterfactual of the period 2008-2013 with zombie share at 2007 value - average healthy firm

Public policy - financial sector

Weak banks and financial frictions:

- Harm the most vulnerable, not necessarily the least productive (Duval et al., 2017)
- Foster survival of non-healthy firms (at the expense of healthy one) as weak firms are associated with weak banks (Schivardi et al., 2017; Acharya et al., 2017; Anderson et al., 2017)

Low interest rates

- Reduce financial pressure on zombies (Borio and Hofmann, 2017; Banerjee and Hofmann, 2018)

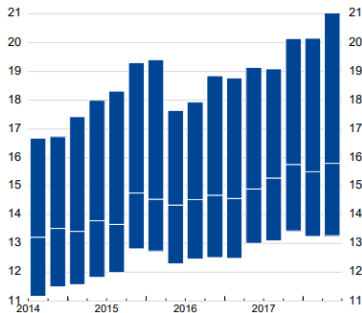
Public policy - insolvency regimes

- Lower TFP growth for laggards, by decreasing incentives to experimentation and by hampering structural changes at the firm-level (Adalet McGowan et al., 2017b/c)
- Higher zombie congestion due to reduced incentives for banks to initiate restructuring (Andrews and Petroulakis, 2017)
- Improvements in bank health more likely to reduce zombie congestion when insolvency regimes are of better quality (Andrews and Petroulakis, 2017)

Public policy - recent improvements

a. CET1 to risk weighted assets ratio

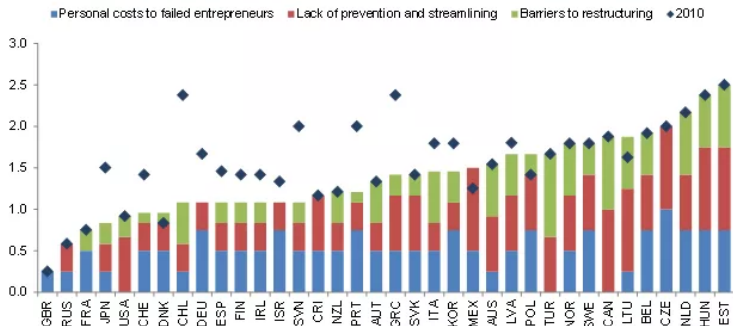
(EU; percentages; interquartile range and median; last observation: Q2 2018)



Source: EBA.

Public policy - recent improvements

Barriers to exit or restructuring imposed by insolvency, 2010 and 2016



Note: The stacked bars correspond to three subcomponents of the insolvency indicator in 2016. The diamond corresponds to the value of the aggregate insolvency indicator based on these three subcomponents in 2010.

Source: Adalet McGowan, Andrews and Millot (2017).

Public policy - recent improvements

Case-study: Portugal (Gouveia and Osterhold, 2018)

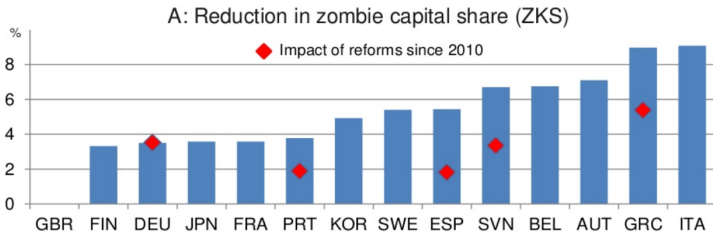
Link between insolvency regimes & productivity :

- Increased prob. exiting for zombies by at most 2pp → virtuous market selection → free up resources sunk in zombies → intrasectorial reallocation
- Increased prob. restructuring (zombie 10% more productive than sectorial average: 0.5pp) → improve within firm productivity growth

Public policy - recent improvements - case-study: OECD countries

Case-study: selected OECD countries (Adalet McGowan et al., 2017)

Estimated gains from reducing barriers to restructuring (BTR) to minimum level



Public policy - going forward

Important progress on structural policies - more to be done, also at EU level (Banking Union, Capital Markets Union, Single Market)

Public policy mix

- High employment share in zombies - social cost
- Reallocation of capital?
- Bank health & insolvency regimes - zombie lending beyond evergreening? - public policy

Going forward - what we don't know

Deeper understanding zombie nature - ex-ante v. ex-post

Cross-country trends but still large heterogeneity - country level analysis key

Zombie congestion & intrasectorial misallocation: one element of productivity slowdown; others concur to overall dynamics

Thank you!

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